

Name: Solutions

Please take your time and answer each question clearly and carefully. For this quiz, you will not need a calculator. Do not use one.

Compute each integral (anti-derivative). Your answer must include the unknown constant of integration, $+C$. Take care to use the correct method of the two we have just learned.

One of those methods uses the following formula: $\int u dv = uv - \int v du$.

1. $\int 2x \cos(x^2 + 2) dx$

$$\rightarrow u = x^2 + 2$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

Perfect match

$$\int \cos(u) du = \sin(u) + C$$

$$= \sin(x^2 + 2) + C$$

TURN OVER

$$2. \int 2x \cos(x+2) dx$$

$$u = x+2$$

$$du = dx$$

nothing to help with this.

Need to integrate by parts.

$$u = x \text{ or } u = \cos(x+2) ?$$

whichever one gets better when taking derivative. (Or use "L. A. T. E.")

That means $\boxed{u = x}$. $\xrightarrow{\text{deriv}} du = dx$

What's left is dv :

$$dv = 2 \cos(x+2) dx$$

↓ Integral

$$v = 2 \sin(x+2)$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= x \cdot (2 \sin(x+2)) - \int 2 \sin(x+2) dx$$

$$= 2x \sin(x+2) - 2(-\cos(x+2)) + C$$

$$= \boxed{2x \sin(x+2) + 2 \cos(x+2) + C}$$