Name:_

Section: 100

Please complete the following exercises. You may collaborate with your classmates, consult your notes or text, and/or ask for help. Note that participation in this activity is not optional.

1. Confirm that each function satisfies the Cauchy-Riemann equations using the polar version.

(a) $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^3}$

(b) $g(z) = z^n$ (you may assume *n* is a positive integer)

2. Verify that the following function is entire: $f(x+iy) = (x+x^3-3xy^2)+(y-y^3+3x^2y)i$. Be sure to do the required computation(s), but also to note that all conditions are met.

- 3. Consider the function $h(z) = \frac{1}{z(z^2+1)}$.
 - (a) Where is h(z) analytic? Give the largest possible domain.

(b) Where are the singular points of h(z)?

(c) What would we normally call the point x = 0 for the real function h(x)?

4. We discussed $f(z) = |z|^2$ as a function that has a derivative at only one point. (If you forget, the point is $z_0 = 0$.) Is it analytic at this point? Why or why not?